Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* *EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.*

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Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors: Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN Office has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

WOODEN LEGS.

Two little children sat in the twilight,
Murmuring soft and low.
Said one, "I'll be a sailor lad,
With my boat ahoy! yo ho!
For sailors are most loved of all,
In every happy home,
And tears of grief or sadness fall,
Just as they go or come."

But the other child said sadly,
"Ah, do not go to sea,
Or in the dreary winter nights
What will become of me?
For if the wind began to blow,
Or thunder shake the sky,
While you were in your boat, yo ho!
What could I do, but cry?"

Then he said, "I'll be a soldier,
With a delightful gun,
And I'll come home with a wooden leg,
As heroes have often done,"
She screams at that, and prays and begs,
While tears—half angry—start,
"Don't talk about your wooden legs,
Unless you'd break my heart!"

He answered her rather proudly,
"If so what can I be?
If I must not have a wooden leg
And must not go to sea?
How could the President sleep at night,
Safe from the scum and dregs,
If american boys refused to fight
For fear of wooden legs?"

She hung her head repenting,
And trying to be good,
But her little hand stroked tenderly
The leg of flesh and blood!
And with her rosy mouth she kissed
The knickerbockered knee,
And sighed, "Perhaps—if you insist—
You'd better go to sea!"

Then he flung his arms about her,
And laughingly he spoke,
"But I've seen many honest tars
With legs of toughest oak!
O, darling, when I am a man,
With beard of shining black,
I'll be a hero if I can,
And you must not hold me back."

She kissed him as she answered,
"I'll try what I can do—
And Washington had both his legs,
And Cœur de Leon too!
And Garibaldi," here she sighed,
"I know he's lame—but there—
He's such a hero—none beside
Like him could do and dare!"

So the children talked in the twilight
Of many a setting sun,
And she'd stroke his chin, and clap her hands
That the beard had not begun;
For though she meant to be brave and good
When he played a hero's part,
Yet often the thought of the leg of wood
Lay heavy on her heart!

Original.

No. 6. For the REPUBLICAN.

PRISON LIFE.

BY A PRISONER.

——"But that I am forbid
To tell the secrets of my prison-house,
I could a tale unfold, whose lightest word
Would harrow up thy soul; freeze thy young blood;
Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their spheres."

—*Hamlet.*

It is not so much that I am forbid to tell the story of my prison, as that it is beyond the power of man to tell it aright. The pen of a Dante would fail here. He went down into the hell of his own imagination, and the wild passions in his soul pictured the scenes of horror there. But here was an Inferno upon earth, and one, too, in which not spirits, but living men were confined, and where the body as well as the soul suffered torment. My first thought on entering was, I will never live to be released from this place. And here I may give a description of the prison, poor though it will be. It lay on either side of a hollow through which a stream of water, that came from a swamp, coursed its way. The water was black, and tasted rankly of vegetation. Added to this, the cook-house was built just above the prison, and the *filthy grease from it was constantly flowing down.* The whole was surrounded by a stockade fence, about twelve feet high, on the top of which sentry boxes were erected at convenient distances. Inside this, and some twelve feet away, a light single railing ran, and this was the *dead line.* The tents and huts had originally been formed in regular streets, but the prison was now so full that all trace of these was lost, save one on each side. On the North side of the stream a swamp extended some distance, covering, I suppose, four acres. One who has never seen a southern swamp can have no just conception of it. A black, rotten bog of decaying logs, and filled with lizards and snakes. I have seen men sink down in it to the middle. (Was this a good place for a pestilence?) All through the prison wells had been dug, that yielded a half supply of water. I afterwards helped to dig one. The ground was sand for six feet down, then a strata of clay, then sand, sand on down, no doubt, to China, or at least to an intervening *place.* In fact, the whole Confederacy was built on the sand—of Slavery, instead of on the rock of Freedom. Those prisoners who had first come in had built tents of logs and clay. Other later ones who were fortunate enough to retain their blankets, had put them up for shelter from the sun and rain. Many, however came in with nothing but a suit of clothes. These were compelled to lie down on the sand, exposed by day to the sun and rain, and at night to the cold dew. But they never remained long with us. Death soon took them away.

At the time I entered there were eighteen thousand men in the prison. Immediately after going in, I went to the brook for a drink. It was crowded with men getting water close to the dead line. Seeing the water clearer next the fence, I was about to step over the rail, when a comrade pulled me back, and pointing to the sentinel, who stood *with gun ready,* told me that was the dead line. I then hunted up the boys of my company who had gone in at the South gate. Found them "pitching their tent" on a pile of sand that had been thrown out from a well; I joined in, and among us we had two blankets for a tent, one to lie on, and one to cover us. The next day we took in with us three more from our regiment.

In the evening we drew rations. Part of the prisoners received raw rations, part cooked ones, our detachment drew unsifted corn-and-cob meal and raw meat, very small portions, too, of each. The others drew mush brought in in pine boxes that gave it such a flavor of turpentine that only starving men would have eaten it But it was greedily devoured, even, fought over. They also received a bit of meat, and some corn bread baked

[redacted]

scurvy, and were afflicted with various diseases. They were fond of telling that Belle Island was a much worse prison than this. In some respects it was, in others better. I believe but few of them ever lived to see home. On the other side the prisoners were mostly new ones, but even they looked bad, and and were dying at a fearful rate. Here and there I saw men with a ball and chain fast to their ankles. They had tried to escape, *a privilege every prisoner should have,* and when caught by *bloodhounds* had been punished in this manner by the *chivalry.*

The faces of all who had been long confined looked pinched and emaciated with hunger, and it was not a pleasant thing to think that I, too, would soon look like them. Many looked unnatural; some sad and hopeless. The old prisoners told me if I wanted to live long I must keep up a brave heart and never despond. As one fellow

[redacted]

prisoner. Almost every day a Southern paper would be brought containing the statement that an exchange was to be made at once. The Charleston *Mercury* was especially good at such lies, for they were nothing but lies, told to prevent an outbreak.

War With England.

A special telegraphic dispatch from Washington to the New York *World* of Saturday referring to the controversy involving the Alabama claims, says:

The tergiversation of Secretary Seward is of avail no more. Another and higher authority has determined upon the course which is to be pursued in respect to the claims of the United States Government upon Great Britain. I am authorized to state, most confidentially and decisively, that the legitimate demands which have been too meekly urged by the Secretary of State upon the British Cabinet, are to be enforced at whatever hazard. The new British Minister, Mr. Thornton, will probably be presented to President Johnson Tuesday. Although the addresses that are to be exchanged between the President and Minister Thornton may be guarded and serene, the fact yet remains that a speedy and satisfactory response must be made by the British Government to the ultimatum of the Executive of the United States, or else a declaration of war against Great Britain must inevitably result.

"Never buy goods of those who don't advertise. They sell so little they have to sell dear."

Select Reading.

HIGH JINKS ON SKATES.

Everywhere, in all sorts of newspapers, I had read of glorious skating fun—Central Park skating, Schuylkill, and Schuylkill Park—Diamond ditto—private ditto—the grand fun—men on skates, boys on skates; sylphides in scant skirts, steel-shod, and skirring away over the ice—the—the thunder! the very reading gave me the ice fever, and in the delirium consequent upon the sudden attack, I resolved on taking an ice cruise myself.

Why not? What was to hinder? I had never navigated that sort of craft, 'tis true. But then I'd been on the water, and under the water, all my life—and on ice, too, some. Hadn't I killed seals, and chased white bears, for weeks together, on ice?

Women could skate—so the papers said. So did everybody else when I inquired of 'em. I could skate! What was the reason I could not? The only thing I'd ever seen women do that I couldn't, was to hook her own dress aft, and carrying six feet breadth of sail thro' a twenty inch doorway. Yes, sir—I could skate; and I was bound on an ice cruise.

There was nothing to prevent the expedition from being fitted out at once. I was lounging about the Navy Yard, detached from everything, all acquaintances included, waiting orders. Disgusted with bar rooms, detesting theaters, what was I to do for amusement? Why, skate of course! Ah, yes! the very thing, by Jove! Why hadn't I thought of that before? I'll have a cruise directly, or sooner, if possible. No—I must have the tools first, and started up town to find 'em.

I brought up in front of a big window, on the starboard side of Chestnut street going towards Schuylkill, where they had more different rigs of sliding machines than you can see national flags in Gibraltar. Knowing about as much of the qualifications of the different patterns as a cow does of chronometer time, went inside and asked for a pair of skates.

"What kind do you prefer, sir?"

"Oh, I have no preference. Give me the best you have."

"Yes, sir," and the clerk passed out for inspection a pair of brass-clad steel clippers, with more gilgios and running rigging to 'em that there is to a French sloop of war.

"These are the best, are they?"

"Yes—decidedly! Just get on to them, sir, and you'll go everywhere and anywhere, like patent lightning! If you don't find it so, bring 'em back, sir, and I'll refund your money."

"What's the price?"

"Fourteen dollars. Very cheap, sir."

Didn't believe that, of course; but invested the amount, and made sail for Fairmount.

Found superb skating. Everybody said so—only those that called it elegant! splendid! magnificent! There was a regiment of men a battalion of dimity, and a whole brigade of small craft, on skates, skivering, scooting, and cutting all sorts of fancies on the ice; everybody laughing, chattering, whooping, skylarking, and skittering in all directions! and I don't wonder newspapers and everybody else call it glorious fun.

"Have your skates strapped, sir," said an itinerant boot-black, about the height of a walking stick.

"Do you understand it, Bub?"

"Oh, yes, sir, I strap all the ladies' for 'em."

"Ah, hah! Do, oh? Must have a jolly time of it! Would like the berth, myself. There you are. Go ahead, sir!" and I sat down on Blackie's ice, about a couple of fathoms out on the ice.

Whiz—like a rocket, went by a great, strapping long-legged chap, with a cigar flying jibboom, and swinging his arms like a frigate's headyards in a hurricane, with braces all adrift.

"Oh, ho! So they can smoke on skates—eh, boy?"

"Lord! yes, sir! Everybody smokes on ice."

"Exactly." And so I fired up on a Principe and shipped it for the cruise.

Urchin announced skates all attaunto; and took a fifty cent "fractional" fee.

"Here, boy—here's another fifty. Just allow me to sit on you box a few minutes, till I get the run of the navigation."

"Yes, sir—you can set there till I get somebody else to strap."

So I sat there studying ice navigation by dead reckoning, till directly a little petticoat craft, in yellow trowsers, skirts to her knees, red belt, Russian cap, and arms akimbo, swooped down, and checked up right in front of me. There she hung for a minute quivering like, and balancing, just as a fish hawk does over his prey; and all the time eyeing me with a dancing twinkle of her jolly black eyes.

"A challenge for a race, sir!—Catch me if you can!"

Little Dimity lifted her left foot a trifle, bent right knee slightly, made a graceful curve, the bottom of her skirt just brushing my nose, and off she went like a flying fish—ze-ee-st!—zit!—swinging from side to side, her tartan skirt swaying hither and thither, like the folds of a spanker brailed in with the shiphead to the wind.

"So, ho! That's a challenge is it? And that's the way to skate? Thunder! I can skate! Anybody can skate!"

But I couldn't though whatever anybody else can do: I accepted Dimity's challenge, and her practice on ice. So I bounced up from that blacking box, lifted left foot a little, bent right knee, and stuck my arms akimbo, but I didn't cut a curve. I did the next best thing, however, and cut a "spread eagle." Port foot slid due southeast, and starboard one northwest, till I realized those spreadout pictorial impossibilities on circus bills. I wondered if my boots and skates would ever become shipmates again.

"Hallo, mister! mustn't try to skate all over both sides of this 'ere pond at once!" growled an old commercial looking chap, as he checked up enough to put in the remonstrance against my ice monopoly.

"I say, Mister Saltwater, couldn't yer liit yerself amidships a bit, so we can sail 'tween yer legs," piped a young scamp, file leader to twenty juvenile skaters.

"Don't try to skate on both feet at once, my dear sir!" advised a sensible, Christian looking man, who came to my assistance and set me on an even keel once more. "When you lift one foot, sir, you must throw all your vigor and muscle into the other limb. And then remember to sway your body so that your weight will always be on that foot which hits the ice. 'Tis very easy, sir—just this way!" and away went my Christian mentor, with a long, striding, graceful swing.

"O, yes, that's very easy. All the vigor in the other limb. Yes, I can do it." So I made a prodigious scoot and—did it!

I stuck out left leg, like a mosquito when he's blood-sucking. Put all my vigor and muscle into the right limb, and couldn't get it out again. Went off on one foot like a shot; crooked right knee twice a minute, just as little Dimity did. Saw a crinoline craft crossing my course under convoy of a big double banked craft, both skating like a streak. Tried to shear to port and go clear of 'em. Missed stays, and went afoul of crinoline. The toe of my port skate hooked Miss Smibo ly's skirt, which gave me a broad sheer to starboard, and I rammed big convoy, butting him square on his cutwater, and drove the live end of Principe slap down his throat. There was an everlasting tangle, and all hands went sprawling on the ice, like a nest of Incauga Island crabs.

"Look here, sir! what do you mean?" yelled the big convoy, scrambling to his feet, and maneuvering for a broadside.

"Beg pardon, sir: I couldn't help it!" I replied meekly, sitting on the ice.

"Couldn't help it? Why, didn't you stop?"

"Didn't know how."

"Oh, ho! green on skates, eh?"

"Yes, greener'n a cabbage!"

That modified the big chap, and setting me on my pins again, he volunteered to educate me in checking up.

"Oh, yes, I can do that!" and I did directly. Off I shot again on one leg, steering this time for the shore—for I'd skated enough.

Half way in, and there slid right down in my course a crowd of forty or so—girls and men, and women and boys. I tried "down brakes," according to instructions; and broke too much. Up toes, and digging my heels into the ice, I sagged back like, and doubled amidships, as if I was going to take a seat—and I did! I went down stern foremost, and with a whang that broke the ice like a pane of window glass shivered by a pebble hurled through it.

I had an idea just then, that such a bump as that would have started the armor of any iron-clad afloat.

I sold those infernal skates just as I sat, for four dollars, under a strong conviction that there's no fun in skating. Its all a humbug. I can't skate—I don't want to.

A SCHOOLBOY'S LETTER.

BIRCHTOWN ACADEMY, Sept. 2.

DEAR PAP:—I am getting along firstrate at the school, and I like it very much, all except Whacks, the assistant—"Old Beeswax," we call him, and we are down on him like a pile-driver, all us boys, for he's ignorant. Why, he's so ignorant he don't know a blackboard from a dark night, no, he don't, and Bill Ferguson, he put a torpedo under each leg of old Beesey's chair yesterday, and when he sat down (you see he sits down like he had ballast into him,) why the torpedoes they exploded, and like to blow him through the roof. Golly, but wasn't he scared! He looked at the Almanac to make sure it wasn't the 4th of July, and then he came down, looking mad, and licked Bill like blazes. But Bill said he didn't care a cent, and the next time he would sprinkle gunpowder in his hair, and bust the old frontispiece off of him.

Dr. Goggles, he's a nice old feller, only he will set and chew gum-drops right before us boys, and never say "will you take some" once.

He wears green specs, and Bill Ferguson, he called him "old four eyes," one day, which the doctor, he heard of him when he said it, and he nailed Bill and dragged him up to the desk, and then he gave us a lecture, and said that there was once a boy he knew, and he was just about Bill's size, and he insulted an old grayheaded man, and also called him wicked names, and the next day—the very next morning—that boy's mother died of inflammatory rheumatism, and his sister broke out with humors.

Bill, he cried, when the doctor held him by the shirt collar, but he winked at the boys when he came away, and then wrote on a piece of paper, and threw it over to me, that he thought the doctor was nothing but "a blower." and that he darsen't hit a boy of his size.

I want some new books very much, about ten of them, and they will cost about eight dollars. Don't send the books, fo. the Doctor likes us to buy them here.

I don't want any money for taffy or marbles, for I don't care about them; but be sure not to send anything but the money for the books.

I am in good health. I was taken sick last week, and had a sore eye for a few days, but it is now well.

We was playing mumble-peg out on the grass, and Bill Ferguson, he grabbed my knife. I told him he had better give that knife up or I would tell you, and get you to lick him when you come down, and he said he could lick you and a dozen like you, and then he dared me to knock a chip off of his shoulder.

And Jake McGinnis, he pushed me right against Bill, and that knocked the chip off his shoulder, and Bill he struck me over the nose three or four times, and said he'd "bust me on the snoot" if I didn't dry up, for I couldn't help crying, and I was taken sick, and I couldn't go to school all that day.

Please send the money, and believe me your affectionate son.

H. M. WILKINS.

P. S.—Don't forget to send the money for those books.

FROM WASHINGTON.

McClellan Tendered the British Mission.—The Deficiency Bill a Law.—Removal of the New Orleans Councils—Grant Orders Hancock to Revoke his Order.—Hancock asks to be Relieved.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11, 1868.—Although the President has endeavored to keep the fact a great secret, it has nevertheless leaked out that he has tendered the mission to England to Gen. McClellan, and only waits his acceptance by cable to send his name to the Senate for confirmation. The tender was made ten days since but no reply has been received.

The deficiency appropriation bill became a law to-day without the President's signature, the constitutional ten days having expired since it was presented to him.

An important conflict has arisen between the military officials in the enforcement of the reconstruction laws by virtue of the act of Congress of July last. General Grant has taken a stand regarding the approval of an order issued by General Hancock recognizing the City Councils of New Orleans. He yesterday telegraphed to General Hancock to revoke his order relating to the councils. Gen'l. Hancock replies by telegraph that if General Grant insists on his order of revocation that he (Hancock) respectfully asks to be relieved of the Fifth Military District. General Grant's reply is not known, but it is believed that he will maintain his disapproval of Hancock's order. The whole matter has been telegraphed back to the President, who would doubtless decline to relieve Hancock.

The Supreme Court.

Our advices from Washington announce that the Supreme Court of the United States has itself decided that it has no jurisdiction over the political acts of Congress affecting the reconstruction of the Southern States, and has dismissed the Mississippi and Alabama cases brought to test the constitutionality of those acts. We rejoice at this indication that the Supreme Court is disposed to confine itself to its proper sphere, and respect the political and legislative functions of a co-ordinate branch of the Government. This is in accordance with the views of all the leading statesmen of the Republic, and with the accepted tenets of the Democratic party. Judge Taney's decision in the Dred Scot case embraced two points. The one full of danger was not that "the negro had no rights which a white man was bound to respect," but that the Supreme Court is the highest political and legislative branch of the Government. If the Court has authoritatively suppressed this latter heresy, then its ermine has become stainless. As a judicial tribunal it will enjoy a respect which would only be overthrown by usurping political powers.—*Tribune.*

IN Lancaster County, Pa., with a Republican majority of 6,000, the rate of taxation for the current year is fixed at two and a half mills on the dollar. In Democratic York County it is seven mills on the dollar, and in Berks, with a Democratic majority of 7,000, it is nearly ten mills.

A CHICAGO court has decided that young ladies of seventeen are too old to be—well, spanked—was the word used in court, but it seems indelicate.

CHINESE cooks stew their ducks alive to improve their flavor. Rough on ducks.

A MAN in Norwich dropped a live coal into a bombshell "to hear it fizz." He heard it.

WOMEN AND MARRIAGE.

I have speculated a great deal on matrimony. I have seen young and beautiful women, the pride of the gay circles, married as the world says, well. Some have moved in their costly houses, and their friends have all come and looked at their furniture and their splendid home for happiness, and have gone away and committed them to their sunny hopes, cheerfully and without fear. It is natural to be sanguine for them as the young are sometimes carried away with similar feelings.

I love to get unobserved into a corner and watch the bride in her white attire, and with her smiling face and soft eyes meeting me in the pride of life; weaving a waking dream of future happiness, and persuade myself it will be true. I think how they will sit upon the luxuriant sofa as the twilight falls, and build gay hopes, and murmur in low tones the not now forbidden tenderness; and how thrilling the allowed kiss and beautiful endearments of wedded life will make even their parting joys, and how gladly they will come back from the crowdeland empty mirth of the gay to eachother's quiet company.

I picture to myself that young creature, who blushes even now at his hesitating caress, listening eagerly for his footsteps as the night steals on, wishing he would come, and when he enters at last, and with an affection as undying as his pulse, folds her to his bosom. I can feel the tide that goes flowing through the heart, and gaze with him on the graceful form as she moves about in the kind offices of affection, soothing all his unquiet cares, and making him forget even himself in her young and unshadowed beauty.

I go forward for years, and see her luxuriant hair put soberly away from her brow, and her girlish graces resigned into dignity and loveliness, chastened with the gentle meekness of maternal affection. Her husband looks on with a proud eye, and shows the same fervent love and delicate attention which first won her, and her fair children are grown about them, and they go on, full of honor and untroubled years, and are remembered when they die.—*Washington Irving.*

A Temperance Anecdote.

Over in a neighboring city of Tiffin, "once upon a time," a young theological student was delivering a temperance lecture, and proving by the Bible which he had open before him, that strong drink was injurious to man and a sin against God. Now, in that city lives a man known as Cooper K., a former Democratic, M. C., who is very fond of his bitters. Just as the young man got fairly warmed up in his subject, old Cooper K. came in pretty well poisoned, and took a seat. After sitting a few minutes, he arose in his seat, and steadying himself, he pointed his finger at the speaker and said: "Young man (hic), young man (hic), don't you know that that Book (hic) only mentions one man (hic) who asked for water (hic) and he was in h—ll (hic), *where he ought to be!*" The converts to the cold water cause were not numerous that night.—*Findlay Courier.*

Two Confederate soldiers, on their return to their home in Northwestern Louisiana, fell in love with the same girl; and seeing no other way of deciding which should have her, agreed to settle the question with muskets—they to start toward each other from points half a mile apart, and "scout up" through the brushwood, and take their chances respectively. The signal for the start having been given by a neighbor firing a gun, they took to the brush, and began to play Indian. But one of them soon made a dash for the log cabin of the girl's father, and coaxed her to run away with him. The other, after "scouting" cautiously around in the brush till near dark, came out, and, suspecting some game, went to the cabin where his love resided, and there learned of her elopement, from her mother, who was privy to the transaction. Astounded at such treachery, and mortified by his defeat, the baffled lover stepped outside the door and blew his own brains out with his musket.

WILL somebody be kind enough to tell us what measure has been undertaken for the maintenance of the Government that was not pronounced by the Democracy "unconstitutional," "tyrannous" and "usurping?" They thus stigmatized the first call for troops the emancipation proclamation, the abolition amendment, the law for the enlistment of negro soldiers, the freedmen's bureau bill, the first reconstruction act. Everything tending to enforce loyalty and obedience excites their opposition; it is only respecting the designs of traitors they have no complaints to make.

NEGOTIATIONS have been concluded between the Baltimore and Ohio, the Marietta and Cincinnatti, and the Indianapolis, Cincinnatti and Lafayette Railroad Companies, by which these lines, so far as working arrangements are concerned, are to be one.

AN editor became martial, and was created captain of a company. On parade, instead of "two paces front—advance!" he bawled out, "cash two dollars a year in advance." He survived but a few days.

The "Old Oaken Bucket."

The Old Oaken Bucket was written by Woodworth while yet he was a journeyman printer working in an office on Chambers and Chatham, streets New York. Near by, in Frankfort street, was a drinking house kept by one named Mallory where Woodworth and several particular friends used to resort. One afternoon the liquor was super-excellent. Woodworth seemed inspired by it, for, after taking a draught, he set his glass upon the table, and, smacking his lips, declared that Mallory's *eau de vie* was superior to any thing he had ever tasted.

"No," said Mallory, "You are mistaken there was one which in both our estimations far surpassed this as a drink."

"What was that?" asked Woodworth, dubiously.

"The draughts of pure fresh spring water, that we used to drink from the old oaken bucket that hung in the well, on our return from the field on a sultry day in summer."

The tear drops glistened for a moment in Woodworth's eye. "Truest true!"—he replied and shortly after he quited the place. He immediately returned to the office, grasped a pen and in half an hour the "old oaken bucket," one of the most delightful compositions in our language, was ready in manuscript to be embalmed in the memories of succeeding generations.

The Feeling in the South.

Notwithstanding we are told day after day by leading Democratic papers that the South is loyal and peacefully inclined, and that there is no need for military rule within its borders, we occasionally find that the passions and animosities engendered by the rebellion are still carefully cherished and that it is really a difficult matter for a traitor of 1865 to become a patriot in 1868. The Richmond *Inquirer* said of the Reconstruction Conventions: "These illegal, grotesque and monstrous bodies would not be permitted to exist for a day, if they were not upheld by Federal soldiery. It is important to our reputation that mankind should know that the white men of Virginia *do not intend* to permit the work of these debased wretches to stand one moment longer than the soldier by his presence is able to uphold it."

Justice and Mercy.

No obligation to justice does force a man to be cruel or to use the sharpest sentence. A just man does justice to every man and to everything; and then, if he be also wise, he knows there is a debt of mercy and compassion due to the infirmities of man's nature; and that is to be paid; and he that is cruel and ungentle to a sinning person, and does the worst to him, dies in his debt, and is unjust. Pity, and forbearance, and long suffering, and fair interpretation, and excusing our brother, and taking in the best sense, and passing the gentlest sentence, are as certainly our duty, and as owing to every person that does offend and can repent, as calling to account can be owing to the law, and are first to be paid; and he that does not do so is an unjust person.

Senatorial Amenities.

Reverdy Johnson in opening his reply to Senator Morton's speech on reconstruction, paid him the following compliment: "I proceed now to the speech of the honorable member from Indiana (Mr. Morton.) In common with every member of the Senate, I listened to that speech not only with pleasure, but with admiration. It was courteous, logically argumentative, and had the true spirit of eloquence. It was a speech of which the Senate has cause to feel proud. It brought back our debates, if they have wandered from that standard, to the standard of former days, when no personal reflections were indulged in, when high elevated principles guided the discussion when the good of the country alone seemed to be considered, and not the mere success of party."

Never Idle.

The farmer cannot be a loafer, and yet thrive. Pruning, draining, killing weeds, making walls, getting out muck, preparing the manure heep, cutting bushes and cleaning up around the walls; battening up the cracks of the old barn to keep the cattle and horses from freezing; giving the swine a warm pen, allowing no leaks, if a shingle can be found, and no broken panes for the ornamental work of old hats and rags, if a square of glass can be obtained, are a few of the fair weather jobs which claim his attention during the recess of the harvest season. The foul weather jobs are nearly as numerous, and their claims as urgent on the attention of every tidy, thriving farmer.

AN Irishman who had just landed said: "The first bit of mate I ever ate in this country was a roasted potato boiled yesterday. And if ye don't believe me, I can show it to ye, for I have it in my pocket."

VALLANDIGHAM, in predicting the defeat of the Democratic party in Ohio next fall, says the Republican majority will be from thirteen to twenty thousand.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Feb. 19, '68.

A CALL.

The following gentlemen, members of the County Committee, are requested to meet in the Court House in this place, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on **Saturday, February 29, 1868,** for the purpose of electing delegates to the State Convention at Philadelphia, on the 11th prox.:

Marion	J. H. Wells, (Chairman), A. L. Myers,
Carmichaels Bor.	J. B. Mitchner, T. B. Lincoln,
Jackson	Samuel Bayard, John Smith,
Richhill	J. W. Walton, Robert Bristor,
Morris	Jacob Swart, Hamilton Payne,
Greene	Jas. Hall, Dr. T. Rogers,
Franklin	Thomas Hill, Jacob Rinehart,
Washington	Harrison Pettit,
Morgan	Wm. Hedge, Barnet Rinehart,
Jefferson	Harvey Denny, R. Drake,
Cumberland	Jos. Long, Franklin Gwynn,
Whitely	Bowen Stephens, H. Hudson,
Freeport	P. A. Myers, Abner Fordyce,
Aleppo	A. J. Hinerman, George Plants,
Dunkard	Geo. Miller, Bowen Ross,
Perry	James Headley, J. A. King,
Wayne	H. Brock, William Kent,
Gilmore	S. Rennen, W. Clovis,
Springhill	Dan'l. White, Jacob Rice.

By order of J. H. WELLS, Chairman.

We would urge upon the County Committee the necessity of attending the called meeting on the 29th. In addition to that announced other important business will be presented to the Committee for consideration. No one can judiciously absent himself. Let all come.

STATE TAXES!

WHO MADE THEM—WHO PAID THEM?

As certain demagogues are making considerable noise over the subject of taxes a short reference to the action of "Democrats" and Republicans may not be amiss.

About thirty years ago the "Democracy" of Pennsylvania inaugurated a system of internal improvements, which, under its manipulations, grew and spread until it threatened to absorb and overshadow every interest of the State. The debt created by these improvements exceeded $40,000,000. While this enormous debt was being created no Democrat raised his voice against it, none proposed to lessen the evil or to shorten it. In 1848, F. R. Shunk, Democratic Governor of Pennsylvania, died; he was succeeded by William F. Johnson, Republican Speaker of the Senate, and at the next annual election was chosen to that high office by the people. During his term, and upon his recommendation, the Legislature, which was also Republican, established a sinking fund for the reduction of the State debt. By this measure certain revenues were pledged to the payment of the principal of that debt. The amount received from these sources averaged nearly half a million annually. This system operating through a period of eighteen years produced upward of $8,000,000, which was applied to the principal of the State debt, leaving the balance of it $32,000,000.

In 1851 a Republican Legislature authorized a sale of the public works, which, by the competition of the Central Railroad, were rapidly depreciating in value. The passage of this law was violently opposed by the Democracy, but the cause of the people prevailed and the works were sold; but the Democracy did not abandon their opposition to the sale, they removed the case to the Supreme Court, but the people were again successful—the sale was confirmed. This sale produced $7,000,000, which, applied to the State debt, left it about $25,000,000. Payments made upon the principal of the debt since the sale of the public works, have reduced it to $23,000,000.

In a few years after the sale of the public works it became apparent that the revenues of the State were sufficient to pay current expenses—pay the interest on the State debt and reduce the principal, without the tax on Real Estate. Accordingly, in 1866 a Republican Legislature and Governor repealed the law imposing the tax on Real Estate. Since that date the homes and farms, the mills and shops have been free from taxation for State purposes. Further experience has shown that the taxes on personal property for State purposes may be remitted. A bill is before the present Legislature, and will no doubt become a law, repealing all taxes on personal property for State purposes. Another fact, disclosed by the State Treasurer's report, may be stated in this connection, namely: that the taxes for local purposes in the Republican counties of the State do not exceed ten mills, while in the Democratic counties they rise to twenty mills to the dollar. *Honest tax-payers*, which policy do you like best, the "Democratic," which created a debt of $40,000,000, opposed its reduction and increased the taxes; or the Republican policy, which stopped the increase of the debt, paid it off and relieved the people from taxes?

The last act of Andrew Johnson, inspired by his hatred of Congress, was to create a new Military District and appoint Lieut. Gen. Sherman to command, with the request to the Senate that he be created Brevet General. Congress and Sherman both repudiate the doubtful compliment.

It seems that our "better looking" neighbor of the *Republican*, mistook the religious services in the Court House on Sunday, the 2nd inst., for a Democratic meeting. This is not so very surprising, when we reflect that there is a striking similarity in the teachings of *true* christianity and pure Democracy—and that our neighbor is a very *poor judge of either article.*—*Messenger.*

The Ten Commandments and the Lord's Prayer speak of the People not of red men, white men, or black men.

Does our neighbor, accept either as "true christianity?"

Webster, regarded as standard American authority, gives the following definitions:

DEMOCRACY, *n.* Government by the People; a form of government in which the supreme power is lodged in the hands of the people collectively, or in which the people exercise the powers of legislation. Such was the government of Athens.

DEMOCRAT, *n.* One who adheres to a government by the people, or favors the extension of the right of suffrage to all classes of men.

Is this our neighbor's standard of "pure Democracy?"

You see, now, how necessary Nasby's revision of the Scriptures, and how that a haul-books and dictionaries containing such dangerous sentiment should become obsolete. By all means, let there be a reconstruction of religion and politics to suit the "Democracy" of to-day. It were better to engage an open than a concealed foe.

More concerning the Grant-Johnson affair is unearthed. The President reiterates his charge but presents nothing new to sustain it. His Cabinet ministers under their own signature, make contradictory statements, and Sec. Seward virtually corroborates Grant's testimony. Developments thus far go to prove that Grant was not disposed to haul the President's chestnuts out of the fire and for this only he was assailed. The "shower of mud" rained upon him by conservative journals fully confirms our prediction made some time since. As remarked, we believe if the angel Gabriel would descend to earth and be mentioned in connection with the Presidency, the "Democracy" would swear he stole his trumpet.

The Franklin *Repository* calls upon Republicans not to neglect the spring elections. Remember, that the Democracy have been specially instructed, by the Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, to secure every possible advantage from the spring elections, by which was of course meant *to take advantage* of the Republicans wherever they are not watchful and active in behalf of their own interests. The very best, most intelligent and reliable Republicans should be selected as election officers, as the coming election in October and November will be the most important held in Pennsylvania for many years past. For these reasons we should poll as full a Republican vote in the spring as at the fall elections.

The disposition on the part of the Supreme Court to conform to the precedent established by Chief Justice Taney in his Rhode Island decision should blast any hopes cherished by the "Democracy" of aid, so much coveted, from that tribunal. This decision establishes the power of Congress in the matter of reconstruction and sets aside the probability that it should have to combat the Court concerning the constitutionality of its acts. So much for the Supreme Court! Where shall Democracy find a place to lay its head?

An exchange notices that the "Democrats" in the Ohio legislature have introduced a bill to disfranchise students at the academies and colleges. They consider education detrimental to the interest of the "Democracy," and are determined to prevent "book larnin" from interfering with their party majorities. If they could interdict the publication of newspapers and shut up the school houses they would soon be able to hand over Ohio to the complete control of "Democracy."

The results of "misrule" in Pennsylvania are satisfactoy to everybody but the "Democracy." A few years since it had a debt of $40,000,000, without any revenue to offset it: Its debt is now only $23,642,572 81—a reduction of nearly one-half in spite of the war.

The County Convention of Lawrence county have instructed for Grant Curtin, Hartranft and Campbell. W. W. Gibson was chosen Representative and J. W. Blanchard Senatorial delegates to the State Convention.

Our friends in the eastern States are achieving victories at the polls where the Republicans have not had a majorty since the party was organized. The course of truth is *onward.*

We can't afford to spank every urchin that throws dirt from behind an anonymous.

For the Republican.

REVIEW—DEMOCRATIC.

A weak cause is generally shown to be such by the desperateness of its supporters; the dangerous nature of a stream, by its frequent changing of channel its shifting from bank to bank, its upheaving of roots, rocks and sand-banks, obstructing navigation. Its tendency is to ruin commerce, impede progress, destroy communication and confidence. Such has been the course of the Democratic party. When the Constitution of the United States was adopted, it was launched upon the stream of time for trial. It has stood many gales that have wafted it close upon the rocks. Many false lights have appeared at different points, and many syrens sang their songs to lure to destruction. And perhaps at no time in our history has a greater number, with more brazon effrontery appeared, than at the present. We note a few:

But recently, the *Day Book* was ranting most furiously at the "God and Mordlity party," for preaching politics, and lampooning them in such a spirit as only the evil genius of slavery can beget. Foiled by superior tactics with the bayonet they return to their wallowing, and try the effect of throwing filth and slime over every honest character connected with the army. And after exhausting the English language of vile epithets, and puzzling their own wit to its limited end, call upon some one or more of their narrow souled, weak brained, *innocent* rebels, to furnish them with a new "list of words," (with or without a meaning,) "that will shame men," who labor for an idea out of every argument in its support. As a sample of their shameless indecency, and villanous profanity, I am induced to note some of their leading slang. The "God and Morality party." If there is ground for such an epithet then the party must be on the side of God's cause and the morals of the country. If there is no cause for its use, and it is used, as no doubt is intended in derision, then why is it that men, professed christians at that, labor so valiantly for such a set of infamous scullions, whose blackened souls, imbecile brains and filthy carcasses, it would be an honor to cover with the dark skin and curly wool of the lowest Caffre. But it is decidedly refreshing, after listening to a pack of wide mouthed Cerberean hounds, in the goodly city of Gotham, to hear a response from some lonely whippoorwill, as the, "*Sentinel*" (somewhere) "on the border" of despair, as he grinds out his solemn wail, and hoping to appease both extremes, cries out "good God," "good Devil." The one shouts in derision, "God and Morality," the other in mock humility claims "Jesus Christ as the first Democrat." Now whether it is intended to steal the prestige of the Republican party, or to bring the Savior of mankind into disrepute, by associating him with so vile a party it matters not. Both designs are a part of the same hybrid poison, that is striving to find its way in the minds of the people and thence into the capacious maw of Uncle Sam's patrimony.

But, listen again! Away toward the setting sun, as the prospects of the party go down in darkness, comes a still fainter "thud" as a small dab of mud from the "*Brick*"-yard of La-Crosse falls upon the head as he terms, of "clerical scoundrels." Villians who like himself, still cheat the halter. Who after stealing the livery of heaven to serve the Devil in, cry "stop thief, drop that plunder!" If they succeed in getting it to fall, they pick it up to return it the owner, but like the "spoons" the owner never gets it. Such are some of the political scavengers, who with ghoul-like beaks and incestuous eyes still wander like curses over the earth, while through executive clemency or some defect in law, justice is robbed of her right, and they persist in thrusting their cloven feet into every man's pocket, their filthy slang into his ears, and their virus into his veins. They hang like filthy parasites on the body politic of the nation, or we might say, they are like vultures only, that the one eats the filth and offal of the earth and then flies away in secret to digest it, while the other taking in all the nauseating debris, of sensuality, until every atom is permeated with their morbid venality, and then they turn their sluices of iniquity upon society, to corrode if possible the very fountains of public virtue. Their *liberty of speech* is untrameled by law, and bounded only by their inability to get lower. Thus their own words and actions give the lie in the strongest possible terms, to their assertion of oppression and tyranny. They fear to compete with the negro lest they should be beaten in the race. Hence, the animus of their hatred of all "*inferior races*," such as caffres, ourang-outangs, wanderoos, sakies, gibbous, gorrillas, chimpanzees, &c., *ad infinitum* of the monkey tribe. Surely the Democratic intellect must be getting very low and weak when it cries for protection by law, to not only prevent the lowest of their race, but the inferior animals from competing successfully with them on the political chess-board of life.

CASTELLATOR.

FROM WASHINGTON.

General Sherman to be Brevet General.—New Department for Sherman.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 13, 1868.—General Lorenzo Thomas, Adjutant General U. S. Army, was to-day ordered by the President to resume the duties of Adjutant General of the army. Gen. Townsend has been for some years exercising the functions of this office.

Among the nominations of the President to-day was that of Lieutenant General Sherman to be Brevet General of the Army of the United States. The President yesterday directed Gen. Grant to assign Gen. Sherman to the command of a new Department, with headquarters in this city, to be called the Department of the Atlantic, and includes the Departments of Washington, the East and the Lakes. The order has not yet been promulgated.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—In the Supreme Court to-day, Associate Justice Nelson announced an elaborate opinion in the case of the State of Georgia against Secretary Stanton, Gen. Grant and Maj. Gen. Pope, praying for the reasons set forth in the petition that they may be restrained from doing certain acts contemplated by the reconstruction laws.

The court dismissed the bill for the reason that it presents a political question, and therefore not properly under its jurisdiction. This opinion, the Justice said, was also applicable to a similar petition of the State of Mississippi.

The opinion delivered in the Supreme Court to-day in the Georgia and Mississippi cases is regarded as virtually settling the McArdle case and all similar cases that may come before the Court. It is understood that the Court looks upon the McArdle case as a purely political one and will sustain the motion to dismiss for want of jurisdiction. This will probably put a stop to some legislation now before Congress respecting the Supreme Court.

State Tax on Personal Property for School Purposes.

An act has been introduced in the House providing that the State tax for 1868, and until otherwise provided, levied and collected on personal property under the Act of 29th of April, 1844, shall be released and remitted to the several counties in which it is collected; provided, that such county shall pay the amount due the State for taxes of 1867 and previous years according to existing laws; also requiring County Commissioners, during the first week in June, 1869, and annually thereafter, to apportion the State taxes remitted for the previous year among the school districts of the county on the same basis that the State appropriation is apportioned, and shall draw their warrant on the treasurer of the county in favor of the treasurer of such school district for the sum so apportioned to said district. The provisions of this act it is stipulated shall not apply to or in any way affect the moneys collected by the act of April 12th, 1867, entitled "An Act to increase the revenue of the Commonwealth by taxation of the shares or stock of Mttional Banks."

AN OIL PRINCE IN BANKRUPTCY.

John W. Steel, familiarly known as "Johnny" Steel, and somewhat distinguished as an "oil prince," having for a considerable length of time enjoyed the princely income of $2,000 per day, yesterday filed in the United States District Court, a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. Many of our readers will remember the romantic history of his exploits in the East, published some time ago, during which he is reported to have squandered several hundred thousand dollars. After having "sowed his wild oats," and losing his oil farm, he found himself in rather straightened circumstances, and was recently compelled to earn a living by driving an oil team. His indebtedness, as set forth in his petition, amounts to over $100,000. Some of the items are quite heavy, a few of which we note: To Henry W. Kanaga, of the Girard House, Philadelphia, he owes $19,824; to Wm. A. Galbraith, Attorney-at-law, Erie, $10,000; J. E. Caldwell & Co., Philadelphia, for jewelry, $5,805; John D. Jones, for harness, $1,250; Wm. Horn & Co-, for cigars, $562; E. H. Conklin, Philadelphia, liquors, $2,024; Phelan & Collender, Philadelphia, for billiard tables $1,500, to an unknown creditor, for oil paintings, $2,200; to the account for hats, $300. A considerable amount of his indebtness is for money borrowed, notes, judgments, etc. When "Johnny" took a notion to rent a hotel for a few days he would do so; and whenever he saw any thing that pleased his fancy he was bound to have it, regardless of cost. Perhaps no man in the United States ever squandered as much money in the same space of time.—*Pitts. Com.*

An election has just taken place at Braintree, a large manufacturing town of Massachusetts, to fill a vacancy in the House of Representatives of that State. The town for years has been one of the few Democratic strongholds of the Commonwealth, but at this election the Republican candidate was successful by a decided majority.

MISSING.

The Pittsburg papers almost daily contain notices of "A man missing." Within the last two weeks several old citizens have gone—no one knows where. Mr. Fravogle, Clothier of Liberty street, has been missing for ten days. When last seen, he was in company with a milk man, from the vicinity of McKeesport, who, also, has not been heard of since. Mr. John Merrick, tailor, for many years a resident of Monongahela City, has been absent from home about eight days. He was acting as agent for the sale of Bibles. Rumor has it that he was seen in Columbus, Ohio, on Monday last. A tobacco merchant of Wood st., who has not been in his place of business for several days, has been heard from, and will return, if a certain police officer knows himself, and he thinks he does. Mr. C. F. Chutney, Sewing Machine agent, of Fifth street, left between two days last week, taking with him about $10,000 of his employer's money, proceeds of machine sales for the last year. It is also charged that he has forged the names of some of the best business men.

Washington, Feb, 14.—Gen. Sherman telegraphed to Senators to-day that he did not desire the nomination of Brevet General, and hoped his nomination would be rejected. In executive session of the Senate it was referred to the Military Committe, who it is understood will report against it. Gen. Sherman also telegraphed here to-day that while he should obey orders in assuming command of the new Department of the Atlantic, he preferred to resign his commission in the army rather than to continue in Washington at its head. These dispatches created considerable of a sensation in Congressional circles, where the object of the Executive in forming the new executive department is generally divided.

The President has approved and signed the bill that all cotton grown in the United States after the year 1867 shall be exempt from internal revenue tax, and that cotton imported from foreign countries on and after November 1st of this year shall be exempt from duty. The President has also signed the joint resolution to provide for commissioners to examine and report on meters for distilled spirits, and the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to sell all the iron-clads excepting those of the Dictator, Kalamazoo, Monadnock and Passaic classes.

"An old Reb," as he styles himself, writes as follows to the Richmond *Examiner*:—"The principles for which the South fought, and for which she was denounced and over-run, have in less than three short years become the rallying cry of the white man's party—State rights—that's the cry. I like to hear it it, makes my blood course through my veins as it did in the evening of the conclusion of the second Manassas, and feel as if I had a yell in me as big as a chicken coop. But I expect to let her out in a short time. Things are getting right."

From the Pittsburg *Commercial* we learn that the Constitution of Alabama failed of being ratified by about five thousand votes. In three counties the polls were not open at all, and in two others the rebels destroyed the ballot box—wherein, it is presumed, they manifested what innocent sufferers they are. In view of these things Gen. Meade will, or has already ordered a new election, so that where the people were denied the opportunity of voting, they will have it. The constitution, it is believed, will yet be ratified.

At a recent convention of clergymen it was proposed after dinner, that each should in turn entertain the company with some "interesting remarks." Among the rest one drew upon his fancy and related a dream. In his dream he went to heaven, and he described the golden streets, etc. As he concluded, one of the divines, who was somewhat noted for his penurious habits, inquired, jocosely:

"Well, did you see anything of me in your dream?"

"Yes, I did."

"Indeed! what was I doing?"

"You were on your knees."

"Praying, was I?"

"No—scraping up gold!"

The Democratic press, when refering to General Meade, call him the hero of Gettysburg, quoting the words *"hero of Gettysburg,"* in irony of Meade's achievment on that battle field.

Without the inspiration of hate, Democracy becomes no more than a disorganized faction, a superannuated rider, and a sturdy beggar for office.

Pennsylvania, the first of the States to establish a system of free schools, is about also to establish a system of free collegiate education.

Young Steele, the oil millionaire whose income three years ago was two thousand dollars a day, is now said to be a teamster at the oil works he once owned. Another illustration of the proverb, "A fool and his money," &c.

A gallon of brandy costing $12 yields $61,40 when retailed by the glass. Whisky at $5, yields $27,50.

Thaddeus Stevens has publicly expressed his admiration of Gen. Grant's recent proceedings; he said, "He is a bolder man than I had thought; we will let him into the church now."

The passing years drink a portion of the light from our eyes, and leave their traces on our cheeks, as birds, that drink at lakes, leave their footprints on the margin.

Special Notices.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.—On and after October 6, 1867, trains arrive and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	9:50 a m	Day Express	8:00 a m
Fast Line	1:30 a m	Wall's No. 1	8:30 a m
Wall's No. 1	6:30 a m	Mail Train	8:30 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:30 a m	Wall's No. 2	9:30 a m
Wall's No. 2	8:30 a m	Cincinnati Ex	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:10 a m	Wall's No. 3	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac	1:15 a m	Johnstown ac	2:30 p m
Phil'a. Exp	1:20 p m	Wall's No. 4	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Phil'a. Exp	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4	3:30 p m	Wall's No. 5	5:30 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:30 p m	Wall's No. 6	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 6	7:01 p m	Fast Line	7:20 p m
Altoona ac. and Emig't train	10:30 p m	Wall's No. 7	10:50 p m

Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.

For further information, apply to W. H. Beckwith, Agent.

To Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second St. Williamsburg New York.
6:7-1yeb9-14

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a receipt for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained, without charge, by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
6:7-1yeb9-14 254 Broadway, New York.

J. Colgate & Co's.

GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all druggists. 6:5-1y.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6:5-1y

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6:5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

New Advertisements.

Wm. Bingham, Jr., 54 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* Republican, *in that city.*

[redacted]

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP:

On settlement with the School Directors of said township for Bounty Tax, Hugh Barclay, Collector and Treasurer.

Dr.	
To money from F. & D. Bank	$ 800 00
To money from First Nat. Bank	600 00
To amount of Duplicate	1621 15
Total	$3021 15
Cr.	
By exon's by School Board	$ 197 10
By Col's. & Treasurer's fees	703 91
By cash paid F. & D. Bank	822 60
By cash paid 1st Nat. Bank	600 00
By discount to Banks	37 65
By cash paid for 3 substitutes	1278 00
By cash paid Barnell and Heston for two substitutes	600 00
By interest on same	31 01
By cash paid M'Williams for substitute	150 00
By sundry orders and receip'ts	130 40
By sundry receipts which the Auditors failed to know for what they were paid	219 00
	3302 31 95
In favor of Treasurer	$ 1 40

The above is correct from the best information we can get.

C. A. LUCAS,
THOS. CRAGO,
WM. ARMSTRONG,
Auditors.

2:19-3t

Miscellaneous.

TO TAX COLLECTORS!

The Tax Collectors of the several townships are hereby notified that suit will be brought to collect all tax remaining unpaid after the 1st Monday of March, next. By order of the Commissioners.

THOS. IAMS,
2:19-3t Late Treasurer.

[redacted]

SHERIFF'S SALE!

By virtue of a writ of Vend. Exp. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the premises in Monongahela tp., Greene County, on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY, 27,

inst., at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of the Oil Spring Company of Pennsylvania and West Virginia, of in, and to a certain lot of ground situate in Monongahela township, Greene County, Pa., containing ten acres, more or less, adjoining lands of Robert Stephenson, Thomas Gabler, Dr. Burch, and others, on which are erected two frame log houses; some fruit trees grow on the premises.

Taken in execution as the property of the Oil Company of Pennsylvania and West Virginia at the suit of John M. Crawford.

H. B. SILVEUS,
2:12-4t Sheriff.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞ For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs,)
4:21,'67-3m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and entraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:23,'68-1y.

Clothing.

GREAT BARGAINS!

N. CLARK & SON

Are now offering their splendid stock of

OVER COATS AT COST.

No one wishing an over coat, should fail to take advantage of this opportunity. Also, anything else in their line at the

In order to make room for their

SPRING STOCK!

All our goods are now and fresh and of the best styles, and were bought in the most favorable time in the Fall.

JUST OPPOSITE DAY'S BOOK STORE.

N. B.

All persons knowing themselves indebted either by book account or note, will please call and settle and save cost.

1:33-tf.

THE LATEST SENSATION!

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President has not yet been Impeached, but

A. J. SOWERS

Has purchased an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

OVERCOATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
HATS,
CAPS,
ETC., ETC.,

of the latest style and best workmanship. A choice stock of

NOTIONS!

Hosiery,
Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Suspenders, etc.,

also on hand, which will be sold at astonishingly

LOW PRICES!

Call and see him before you buy elsewhere. He invariably satisfies all

WHO WISH TO PURCHASE!

Room in Allison's building, Waynesburg, Pa.
10:9-3m A. J. SOWERS.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House.
4:21-3m L. K. EVANS.

The Waynesburg Republican.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Assignee's Notice—Simon Rhuehart.
Penna. R. R.—W. H. Beckwith.
Bounty Report—Cumberland Tp.
Concert—Coalmer's Mite Society.

HON. GEO. V LAWRENCE has so far recovered from his illness as to be able to resume duty in the House.

WAYNESBURG against the world for cheap goods, for the next three or four weeks. Guilbert is closing out his entire Stock of goods, from six to seven thousand dollars worth of Dry Goods, Notions and Groceries, cheap for cash. *Regardless of cost.*

GRANT CLUB.—An organization has been perfected in our town, having for its object the securing of the nomination and election of General Grant to the Presidency, by the Republican party. Meetings have been held on different occasions and we may safely say the movement is fairly on its feet. Vigorous measures are in process to open the campaign. Constitutions have been printed and are for circulation among our friends in the county. We hope Clubs will be immediately formed in every township. No delay should be suffered, but let earnest men take the initiative at once. The work before us is not boy's play; it commands the attention and effort of every man in our ranks. Candidly, we have no fear of the final result, but persistent, hard work will make the victory more decisive.

The next meeting of the Central Grant Club will be at the office of Simon Rinehart, Esq., on the night of Saturday, the 29th inst. Friends in the country and those of the town sympathizing with the movement, are cordial ly invited to attend.

SEVERE HURT.—We regret to learn that Miss Mary Allison, a young lady of our town, now teaching near Jacksonville, this county, fell recently and cut her face upon a sharp projection in such a manner as to endanger one of her eyes and make an ugly wound.

FIRE.—In Uniontown, on the 10th inst. The store of Peter Kramer, Esq., and an adjoining building used as a barber shop, opposite the Eagle Hotel, were burned. Mr. Kramer was insured for $1500, which will not cover the loss. The fire is supposed to have been caused by rats carrying matches under the floor.

ALL RIGHT.—We are pleased to see that cellar door down, we spoke of some time ago.

JOSH BILLINGS "CAN'T SEE IT."—A few of our citizens "desirous of relieving the monotony of every day life" and anxious to hear something spicy in the "lecture" line, addressed "Josh Billings" asking him to lecture for us at his earliest convenience. We give below the correspondence on the part of "Josh." It will be seen that he has made a great improvement in his orthography of late. By way of explanation to his first sentence, it will be well to observe that the letter to him was addressed to Poughkeepsie N. Y., his former residence:

New York, Jan. 25, '68.
No. 109, Broadway.

—*My Dear*—You will discover by the top of this letter that I am a resident of the city of New York, a virtuous place, and far removed from the noise and vulgar tumult of business like. I just returned yesterday from an extended trip through the West and am at liberty to make engagements for the month of February. You will also see for that the title of my discourse is "Milk," and that the price current of it is $88.40.

I understand that Waynesburg is on the Branch of the Penna. Central R. R. about 50 miles from Philadelphia, am I right? I could come the night of Feb. 18th.

Write at once how these things affect you.

Yours a good deal,
JOSH BILLINGS.

Upon having his geographical error pointed out to him and the several routes by which a man is enable to get here in the winter time indicated, &c. he says:

New York Feb. 2, '68.
Broadway, No. 109.

—*My Love*—I know where Waynesburg is now, and am happy to hear that is so pleasantly situated. In looking myself over, an I feeling of my ribs, I find that I am not in coats to do any more traveling this winter, except it may be to fill a few nights which I have already got planted. I thought when I wrote to you that I would try and see you if you were close the city of "Brotherly Love," but you must excuse me from long ventures. I am obliged to work for a living, it is true, but I have got about $4.00, on hand now, and am one of the fortunate kind, who a hor work unless it is positively necessary. When my present pile is thrawed out, I shall have to pitch into something. In the mean time, in view of my immense fortune and the bad condition of my personal corpse, I must beg to be excused from seeing you at present, but next winter I shall be poor again and then, if you want me, I will try and come.

Yours truly,
JOSH BILLINGS.

"DARKNESS RATHER THAN LIGHT."—To say the earth is controlled in its orbit by the force of gravitation is, at present, an extremely improbable statement. We have now, and perhaps have had some time, an organization in our midst called "The White Boys," who suppose themselves to govern all things terrestial and celestial. In contra-distinction of the name their deeds are most mysterious. Birds of the night, they hover about the Palladium of their hopes—the Court House—and the rom mills, only at that "witching hour when graveyards yawn." How much they darken the fair seeming of their name can only be conjectured from this strange manner of doing. From this centre is infused the *spirit* which is to animate the Democratic masses in our county to exploits fierce and effective. Already the scheme is incubated whereby they expect to carry our borough election. Candidates of their own particular choice are in the lists, to whom they expect no serious opposition from the sole fact that they bear the oriflamme of the "White Boys." We will indulge in no speculation, but await the time when their illusion shall be dispelled.

GUILBERT is closing out his entire Stock of Goods. Now is your time to buy Cheap Goods! Come and save money for yourselves and family; they will be sold cheap for cash. Cheaper than the cheapest!

RUFFIANISM.—Last Saturday night some graceless scoundrels made night hideous with unearthly noises, accompanied by the smashing of windows. Wanton destruction of property and lawlessness should meet with speedy retribution at the hands of the law. Let officers look to it.

THE Cumberland Church property was not sold as advertised. The sale being postponed indefinitely.

HARDY.—On Monday of last week Mr Thomas Keenan, aged about 80 years and a citizen of our town, walked to Jefferson, this county, and returned the same day, a distance of 16 miles. The old gentleman accomplished the feat with all ease, appearing unfagged at the end of his journey. It is rarely such cases of longevity and endurance are recorded. In this connection we might state that Mr. Keenan, yet works at his trade—a mason, we believe—for his daily bread. His wife, at a ripe old age, keeps him company and seems embued with all the spirit of her youthful days. An honest hard working couple, they have the respect of the entire community.

"HOW CAN YE BLOOM SO FRESH AND FAIR?" goes the old Scotch song. How? Why, those who show the bloom of health on their cheeks, take Plantation Bitters, which has the power of fortifying the system against disease, and of regulating the digestive apparatus. Are you dyspeptic, weak, void of energy? Have you little or no appetite, headache, continued lassitude and depression of spirits? Take S. T.——1866——X. and bloom and beauty will return. The Bitters have become a household friend.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet articles—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

M C & H. BELL say they have just received at their cheap Boot & Shoe Store, Siver's corner, Waynesburg, Pa., a lot of New Goods consisting in part of ladies high cut glove kid Balls.—the latest styles, ladies' and gents' Brussells slippers and any amount of gum overs suitable for either sex, which they will sell for less money than they can be bought for elsewhere in the County. Give them a call and be convinced of what they say.

GUILBERT has thrown all his Goods on the market. Do not miss a good bargain. Now is the time!

FASHION'S PLATFORM.—One perfume, pure, refreshing and imperishable, and that perfume Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus." This is the perfume of Fashion on this side of the Atlantic, and all the people say Amen!—*Jersey City Times.*

AN EDITOR'S JOKE.—The Washington *Reporter* heads a communication last week "A Leap Year Sleighing Party." "Sleighing Party," was evidently meant, but such hints kill off writers about the "augmenting moon," "micromesain," "subs," etc. Good Idea.

LEG BROKEN.—Recently a little daughter of Mrs. Sarah Morris, of Jacksonville, broke her leg in sliding on a sled. Dr. F. M. Hull set the limb and the patient is now recovering.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS!—Guilbert is selling out his entire Stock of Goods. Come on my friends and neighbors, plenty of Goods and cheap for cash. Come and bring your friends.

IN THE FIELD.—The following gentlemen have announced themselves as candidates for Democratic favor in our county: For Assembly, Mr. Joseph Sedgwick of Jefferson tp.; Thomas Lindley, Esq., of Cumberland tp.; R. A. McConnell Esq., of Morgan tp.; For Commissioner, Morgan Young Esq., of Cumberland tp.; Michael McClelland, Esq., of Washington tp.; William Gwynn, Esq., of Jefferson tp.

FIVE stones leaning against the wall of the Court House railing are not at all ornamental and should be placed in their normal position.

NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER.—A new Democratic paper is to be established at Morgantown, W. Va., by the copperheads, if sufficient money can be raised for the purpose. Another conservative machine to tread on the tail of progress.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?—Six or Seven thousand Dollars worth of Goods to be sold at Guilbert's, at less than cost!

SIGNIFICANT.—An exchange closes the notice of the Sheriff's sale of two business houses with the remark, "neither establishment advertised."

STABBED.—John M. Myers, a livery stable keeper in Washington, Pa., was stabbed in the back on Tuesday night of two weeks, while participating in a melee at a ball, at the house of Jonathan Kale, near that borough. Wm Ruple and Thos. Dagg were arrested and held to bail on the charge of doing the cutting. The wound inflicted upon Myers is not serious.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN;—Quite a number of teachers, citizens and school directors, held an institute in the school house at this place on the 8th inst. D Conlit and L Baldwin were chosen president and secretary. A programme of exercises having been prepared by the teachers, Superintendant Teal opened the institute with an address in which were set forth the manner and spirit in which meetings of this kind should be conducted. Quite a number of questions were presented which involved many practical points in the teacher's labors, and were freely discussed by teachers, directors and citizens, and many a good hit your correspondent received during the interchange of sentiment. Mr. Iams read "Bingin on the Rhine" with force and beauty, and after some discussion on the mode of teaching Grammar and Orthography, Mr. Teal closed the exercises by some very encouraging remarks on the progress of the school system. He said the past year had been one of great "educational revival" throughout the Keystone State, and showed concisively that the *people* must be educated as well as the *youth*, if our glorious system of civilization would succeed.

NINEVEH, Feb. 9, '68. TEACHER.

TO SCOUR KNIVES.—A small, clean, potato, with the end cut off is a very convenient medium of applying brick dust to knives, keeping it about the moisture, while the juice of the potato assists in removing stains from the surface. You can get a better polish by this method than any other way, and with less labor. Try it.

RESIGNED.—Rev. J. C. Mooyer of the C. P. church in Greenfield, Washington Co., has resigned his position as Pastor of that church and has accepted a call from the congregation at West Union, Greene county.

I. O. OF G. T.—The following named persons were installed as the regularly elected officers of the "Vigilant" Lodge, for the next quarter, at their meeting last week:

W. C. T., A. C. Smalley; W. V. T., Miss Lizzie Gray; W. S., Will. N. Bailey; W. A. S., John M. Wiley; R. H. S., Mrs. E. A. Sayers; L. H. S., Mrs. Mary Yeater; W. C., Rev. John McIntyre; W. F. S., Wm. Bailey Sr.; W. T., Miss Mary C. Flenniken; W. M., Wm. I. Roberts; W. D. M., Miss Lide Hays; W. I. G., Miss Osee Wallace; W. O. G., William Ogden.

The Lodge has fitted it up a handsome hall in Wilson's Building and moves nobly on in its good work. It numbers, now, nearly 200 members.

THE street commissioner should have our thoroughfare put "in condition."

By Request.

EXTENSIVE REVIVAL OF RELIGION.—The friends of Rev W. D. Sheffield, formerly of Waynesburg, will be gratified to learn that an extensive revival of religion is now progressing in the church of which he is Pastor, in Columbus, New Jersey. Meetings for preaching and prayer have been held almost every evening, for also two months. Some fifty persons have been deeply seriously, and have been subjects of conversation and prayer. Of these thirty have been immersed, and united with the church. The meetings are continued with unabated interest. Many of the converts are heads of families, of the wealthy and long settled population, and of the Quakers or Society of Friends.

HUZZAH! HUZZAH!—Guilbert is closing out his entire Store. Sale to commence on the 19th. Do not fail to call. Determined to sell out.

ODD FELLOWS and Masons here talk of erecting a building for Lodge Rooms; to contain business rooms, a town hall etc. Won't the builders of some of the above halls let them have an eligible site? Its convenience would be untold. That's only what the town wants.

CONCERT.—The ladies of the Chalmer's Mite Society, of the Presbyterian Church, will give a Musical Entertainment, consisting of solos, Duets, Trios and Quartettes; in the College Chapel, on Tuesday Evening, February the 25th.

GRANT—JOHNSON.

Views of the New York Press on the Correspondence.

NEW YORK, February 12.—The *Tribune*, alluding to the Grant-Johnson correspondence, says Grant utterly overthrows the charge of insubordination. Johnson comes out of the business as one willing to wound, yet afraid to strike.

The *Herald* expresses no opinion on the correspondence, but comes out for Grant for President.

The *Times* thinks Grant may have been hasty and inconsiderate in giving the resident to understand he would aid him in keeping Stanton out, and neglectful in not notifying the President that he had changed his mind as to the requirements of the law, but as to his final action there can be no doubt of its propriety.

The *World* regards Grant convicted of duplicity, and of pursuing a tortuous, unmanly course.

The *Sun* says the insidiously devised net wherein the President and his five servitors sought to ensnare Grant is utterly destroyed. They were wicked enough to suggest a blow, but too cowardly to strike.

The *Post* says the President in this matter merely plays the scold.

The *Commercial* thinks both the President and Grant acted honestly and honorably, and regards the conflict as one of the miserable relics of radicalism.

THE Republicans were successful, for the first time in ten years, at the Palmyra (N. Y.) charter election, on Wednesday.

GEN. MEADE shows himself to be as good a statesman as he is a soldier. He is working a wonderful reform in his district.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Feb. 19, 1868.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ₱ lb	35
Eggs ₱ doz	20
Potatoes ₱ bush	1 50
Lard ₱ lb	10
Tallow ₱ lb	12½
Country Soap ₱ lb	07
Dried Apples ₱ lb	07
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ₱ bbl	12 00
Wheat ₱ bush	2
Rye ₱ bush	1 10@1 15
Oats ₱ bush	2
Corn Meal ₱ bush	80
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ₱ lb	22@25
Tea ₱ lb	1 50@2 00
Brown Sugar ₱ lb	15
Refined sugar ₱ lb	23
Syrup ₱ gal	60
Molasses (N. Orleans)	1 20
Sorghum ₱ gal	80
Salt ₱ bbl	3 25
Rice ₱ lb	15

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, Feb. 13, 1868.

CATTLE.—The market was well supplied with cattle. There were a number of good cattle on sale—one lot of 31 head, very choice was disposed of at $6 75 ₱ hundred, the best prices obtained for some time. The asking rates were a slight advance over last week.

SHEEP.—Prices as compared with last week indicate but little change. Reported sales of good to prime fat mutton sheep at from $5@6 ₱ lb.

HOGS.—The market was a firm one, but there was a falling off in the demand, owing to the high prices asked. The extreme prices this week were $7 00 $10 00 ₱ cut prefix, keep the latter figure.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, February 15, 1868.

The general markets, if anything, have been duller than usual during the past week, but now that navigation is again resumed and spring is rapidly approaching we look for a material improvement in trade as generally.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 00@2 15
Rye ₱ bush	1 35@1 40
Oats ₱ bush	65@70
Corn ₱ bush	100@107
Spring Wheat Flour	10 50@11 50
Winter Wheat	12 00@12 50
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	10½@11c
Sugar Cured Hams	15½@16c
Lard	14@c
Potatoes, ₱ bush	1 30@1 40
Apples ₱ bbl	5,00@6,00
Cheese	15@19
Eggs ₱ doz	35
Butter	35@40
Dressed Hogs	9@9½

New York Market.

Late New York dispatches corroborate the rise in Cotton Goods. Prints and Muslins have come up on the run in the last week. It is time buyers would lay in a supply as there can be no permanent decline in this class of goods for some time.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG ENCAMPMENT, NO. 119.

Hall in Ganser's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. First and second Friday's of each month. db.

B. M. BLACHLY, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office at his residence, opposite the "Wright House," Waynesburg, Pa.

Diseases of Females made a specialty. 1:29-3m

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF GREENE COUNTY, FOR 1867.

STATE, COUNTY AND MILITIA TAX FOR 1866 AND PREVIOUS YEARS, SHOWING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED AND THE AMOUNT OUTSTANDING:

CONSTABLES.	TOWNSHIPS.	County tax.	Since pd	Yet due	State tax.	Since pd.	Yet due	Militia tax.	Since pd	Yet due
Eli Phillips,	Jefferson,	228 83	.....	228 83	100 25	.....	100 25	37 50	.....	37 50
J. Dougherty,	Carmichaels Borough	1 80	.....	1 80	.....	.....	.....	8 00	.....	8 00
James Acklin,	Franklin	123 37	.....	123 37	.....	.....	.....	16 00	.....	16 00
A. Compston,	Gilmore,	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 00	.....	5 00
C. Burwell,	Monongahela	20 00	.....	20 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
James P. Cosgray,	Marion,	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 93	.....	13 93
Christian Young,	Morgan	21 48	.....	21 48	5 52	.....	5 52	21 00	.....	21 00
Christian Young,	Morgan	286 85	.....	286 85	56 85	.....	56 85	26 00	.....	26 00
John Iams,	Washington	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 93	.....	13 93
Rae Dowlin,	Cumberland	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	55 50	55 50	.....
T. M. Colvert	Whitely	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	77
L. J. Hupp,	Springhill	196 04	.....	196 04	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
M. Kent,	Center	329 79	329 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	25 15	25 14	.....
A. Taylor,	Gilmore	56 21	56 21	.....	.....	.....	.....	22 50	22 50	.....
B. L. Burnet,	Carmichaels Borough	95 09	95 09	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 00	17 00	.....
John Ruse,	Greene	530 89	530 89	.....	.....	.....	.....	17 50	17 50	.....
Wm. P. Davis,	Dunkard	17 50	17 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	27 00	27 00	.....
J. A. Harris,	Morgan,	555 79	555 79	.....	.....	.....	.....	27 00	27 00	.....
Rae Dowlin,	Cumberland	271 14	260 90	10 24	.....	.....	.....	44 40	44 40	.....
B. Howard,	Perry	1084 00	1084 00	.....	97 00	97 76	.....	92 50	92 50	.....
Isaiah Turner,	Franklin	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 70	30 70	.....
Slater Shriver,	Wayne	833 86	833 86	.....	.....	.....	.....	30 00	30 00	.....
T. Moore,	Whitely	421 84	421 84	.....	.....	.....	.....	42 00	42 00	.....
James Kelley,	Jefferson	102 58	102 58	.....	.....	.....	.....	36 50	36 50	.....
Joseph Taylor,	Marion	667 81	261 45	47 21	47 21	.....	.....	135 98	135 98	.....
Wm. Cleavenger,	Monongahela	342 68	142 96	403 92	36 84	36 84	.....	51 50	51 50	.....
J. J. Oliver,	Washington	711 79	22 79	688 96	30 48	38 48	.....	56 00	56 00	.....
H. Virgin,	Springhill,	190 76	152 71	43 36	.....	.....	.....	71 50	71 50	.....
Joseph Rush,	Morris	326 53	222 73	103 80	.....	.....	.....	42 00	42 00	.....
George McVay,	Alepo	475 17	289 16	186 01	.....	.....	.....	33 00	33 00	.....
M. Kent,	Center	59 37	59 37	.....	.....	.....	.....	44 00	44 00	.....
Thomas Hughes,	Jackson,	674 89	295 79	379 09	21 81	34 81	.....	34 00	34 00	.....
John Allum,	Richhill,	159 25	159 25	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 00	15 00	.....
		666 72	550 56	116 16	73 51	73 51	.....	49 50	49 50	.....
Total		$11,016 91	$8,016 59	$2,999 75	$345 13	$284 51	$160 62	$1,104 04	$949 56	$154 48

STATE, COUNTY AND MILITIA TAX LEVIED FOR THE YEAR 1867, SHOWING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED AND THE AMOUNT PLACED IN THE HANDS OF CONSTABLES:

Townships.	County tax.	Since pd	Yet due	State tax.	Since pd.	Yet due	Militia tax.	Since pd	Yet due
Gilmore	672 65	212 86	359 02	25 03	9 30	16 30	25 00	5 00	22 00
Carmichaels borough	254 57	176 91	77 66	9 96	9 96	.....	8 00	.....	8 00
Greene	1860 13	720 45	886 73	88 66	47 21	41 45	17 00	4 00	17 00
Dunkard	2208 50	911 07	1265 26	71 34	30 34	41 00	48 00	6 00	42 00
Morgan	2330 87	1189 41	1141 46	124 39	83 52	44 11	81 50	50 00	31 50
Cumberland	3302 12	1343 57	2113 59	111 08	44 48	30 68	71 50	6 00	65 50
Perry	1117 94	800 79	606 15	27 77	7 69	19 08	44 50	2 00	42 50
Franklin	3190 31	1877 25	1170 11	108 43	72 00	36 43	93 00	4 00	89 00
Wayne	1319 55	392 71	922 04	54 94	13 18	41 76	61 00	6 00	55 00
Whitely	1915 51	1079 17	811 33	78 80	33 44	45 43	93 00	4 00	89 00
Jefferson	3503 07	1961 49	1449 58	137 94	117 44	20 50	85 00	7 00	69 50
Marion	1524 51	493 07	981 87	64 89	15 45	49 44	97 00	3 00	94 00
Monongahela	1566 11	701 17	864 94	46 14	15 45	30 69	70 00	2 00	68 00
Washington	1871 12	1071 20	800 92	49 78	14 21	35 57	67 50	6 00	61 50
Springhill	548 00	140 05	407 95	20 60	4 21	16 39	48 50	3 50	45 00
Morris	1702 9	844 75	858 15	84 28	41 53	42 75	.....	.....	.....
Alepo	679 59	166 40	479 90	31 81	6 17	25 64	24 50	.....	24 50
Center	1771 51	695 03	1076 26	74 21	22 80	51 90	53 00	17 00	44 00
Jackson	940 67	334 48	606 19	35 78	8 34	27 44	31 00	17 00	30 00
Richhill	2411 7	1268 75	1143 23	135 21	93 78	41 43	88 00	87 00	51 00
Totals	$32,750 64	$14,838 86	$18,156 58	$1,440 68	$845 27	$751 03	$732 50	$316 00	$577 00

STATE, COUNTY AND MILITIA TAX PLACED IN THE HANDS OF CONSTABLES FOR THE YEAR 1867, SHOWING THE AMOUNT COLLECTED AND THE AMOUNT OUTSTANDING:

CONSTABLES.	TOWNSHIPS.	County tax.	Since pd	Yet due	State tax.	Since pd.	Yet due	Militia tax.	Since pd	Yet due
W. O. Hannan	Gilmore	389 02	5 6 45	34 57	16 32	16 32	.....	21 00	21 00	.....
Isaiah Franks,	Carmichaels Borough	193 74	184 03	9 66	9 96	9 96	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hiram Stephens,	Greene	805 73	303 88	501 85	41 25	41 25	.....	13 50	.....	13 50
Jacob Williamson,	Dunkard,	1095 26	212 80	882 46	41 00	41 00	.....	49 00	49 00	.....
A. Harris,	Morgan,	1141 79	642 19	499 60	44 11	44 11	.....	28 00	28 00	.....
William H. Sharpneck	Cumberland	2113 59	.....	2113 59	79 58	.....	79 58	66 00	.....	66 00
Thomas Wade,	Perry	604 15	599 15	5 00	19 08	19 08	.....	26 00	26 00	.....
J. Turner,	Franklin	1479 14	608 07	870 07	29 63	29 63	.....	19 50	19 50	.....
H. M. Sprouse,	Wayne	922 01	922 01	.....	45 76	45 76	.....	48 50	48 50	.....
Thomas Moore,	Whitely	841 33	841 33	.....	16 42	16 42	.....	19 50	19 50	.....
James Kelley,	Jefferson	1149 48	.....	1149 48	79 60	.....	79 60	60 00	.....	60 00
H. F. Campbell,	Marion,	892 87	221 11	671 76	53 35	.....	53 35	94 00	94 00	.....
Wm. Cleavenger,	Monongahela	564 99	413 55	451 44	30 98	30 98	.....	92 00	.....	92 00
Aaron Day,	Washington	800 50	800 50	.....	21 92	21 92	.....	21 50	21 50	.....
Nelson Virgin,	Springhill	467 25	.....	467 25	22 47	.....	22 47	45 00	.....	45 00
Joseph Rush,	Morris	858 15	226 15	632 00	39 85	39 85	.....	.....	.....	.....
George McVay,	Alepo	479 90	382 20	178 97	28 81	28 81	.....	24 50	24 50	.....
M. Kent,	Center	1076 26	.....	1076 26	51 90	.....	51 90	44 00	.....	44 00
Jacob Hannel,	Jackson	589 17	506 61	82 56	27 39	27 39	.....	20 00	20 00	.....
S. Jennings,	Richhill	1163 23	.....	1163 23	61 43	.....	61 43	51 00	.....	51 00
Total		$13196 98	$7037 00	$11159 98	$731 6	$434 98	$316 61	$587 00	$387 00	$866 00

THOS. AMS, TREASURER, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

To amount on deposit in bank at last settlement	$ 370 50	By amount of outstanding County Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	2999 75
To balance due at last settlement	102 46	By amount of outstanding Militia Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	577 00
To amount of outstanding County Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	11016 91	By amount of outstanding County Tax for 1867	11196 98
To amount of outstanding Militia Tax for the year 1866 and previous years	1104 04	By " " Militia " "	866 00
To amount of County Tax assessed for the year 1867	23350 81	By " " of orders redeemed	22647 02
To " " of Militia tax " " "	732 50	By commission on $27,67 50 at 5 per cent.	1382 88
To " " of Huckster's Licenses " " "	60 00	By amount of Attorney's commission	1 50
		By amount paid A. M. Bailey, Treasurer	1102 79
Total	$47145 68	By commission on amount paid A. M. Bailey, at 5 per cent.	55 18
		By Balance due the County	$47268 67 / 1877 95
		Total	$47145 68

☞ There is a credit claimed by Thomas Iams of $1191 18, which has not yet been finally passed upon, which, if allowed, will reduce the above balance due the County to $686 77.

J. F. TEMPLE, PROTHONOTARY, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 20 54	By services rendered	$ 20 54

DIRECTORS OF THE HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT AND SUPPORT OF THE POOR, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 7468 14	By vouchers admitted	$ 7468 14

COMMISSIONERS OF GREENE COUNTY IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE FOR THE YEAR 1867.

THOMAS SCOTT.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 284 50	By amount due at last settlement	$ 40 50
To amount yet due	145 00	By services rendered	389 00
Total	$ 429 50	Total	$ 429 50

ELIAS SCOTT.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 359 00	By amount due at last settlement	$ 39 00
To amount yet due	87 00	By services rendered	408 00
Total	$ 447 00	Total	447 00

J. M. MORRIS.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 345 00	By amount due at last settlement	$ 45 00
To amount yet due	211 00	By services rendered	411 00
Total	$ 456 00	Total	$ 456 00

ISAAC J. HUPP.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 40 00	By services rendered	$ 48 00
To amount yet due	8 00		
Total	$ 48 00		

HEATH JOHNS, SHERIFF, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of Jury fees received	$ 4 00	By amount due at last settlement	$ 31 50
To amount of orders drawn	126 50	By amount of services rendered	121 88
To amount yet due	35 38		
Total	$ 165 88	Total	$ 165 88

JAMES ACKLIN, CORONER, (ACTING SHERIFF,) IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR THE YEAR 1867.

DR.		CR.	
To amount of orders drawn	$ 23 40	By services rendered	$ 23 40

We, the undersigned Auditors of Greene County, do hereby certify that we have audited the foregoing accounts and find them as above stated.

Waynesburg, January 21, 1868.

THOMAS LINDLEY, JONATHAN ALLUM, A. G. CROS. } Auditors.

DIRECTORS OF THE HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT OF THE POOR, IN ACCOUNT WITH THE COUNTY OF GREENE, FOR 1867.

DIRECTORS ARE CHARGEABLE AS FOLLOWS:

Whole amount of orders drawn	37473 25
Out side sources	50 00
From January 1st to April 1st, '67, (Rinehart's time)	5186 22
From April 1st to Jan. 1st, '68	5088 55
Paid for McMillin's old debts	127 00
For out door paupers	3209 00
Whole number of inmates received	155
Present number	60
Greatest number the current year	82
Number of males	31
Number of females	29
Insane	5
Out papers relieved	3
Number of whites	56
Number of blacks	4
Number of births	3
Number of deaths	3

Stock on hands, 2 horses; 1 yoke cattle; 8 cows; 2 bulls; 19 hogs; 8 sheep.

PRODUCTS OF FARM:

Wheat, 140 bush. Corn, 600 bush. Oats, 500 bush. Buckwheat, 75 bush. Hay, 8 tons. Potatoes, 150 bush. Beans, 15 bush. Cucumbers, 10 bbls. Parsnips, 20 bush. Cabbage, 600 heads. Onions, 20 bush. Seed Onions, ½ bush. Tomatoes, 60 bush. Beets, 25 bush. Turnips, 25 bush. Molasses, 84 gals. Pork made on farm, 3000 lbs. Butter made, 300 lbs. Soap, 5 lbs. Lime burnt on farm, 2500 bush. Fruit trees set out in '67, Apple, Peach, Cherry and Plumb trees, 120.

MADE IN THE HOUSE:

Comforts, 21; Linsey, 30 yds.; Flannel, 35 yds. Stocking yarn, 125 cuts; Stockings knit and footed, 108 pairs; Suiting, 32; Satinetts, 10; Pillow-ticks, 6; Pillow slips, 27 pairs; Bolster slips, 23; Large dresses, 15; Small do., 36; Chemises, 63; Small do., 41; Aprons, 43; Bibs do., 16; Bonnets, 22; Shirts, 40; Shirts do., 23; Large pants, 27; Small do., 10; Large skirts, 25; Small do., 10; Towels, 24; Kerchiefs, 14; Caps, 17; Night dresses, 5; Drawers, 7; Large vests, 14; Suspenders, 2 pairs; Vests, 4; Shrouds, 2.

M. BELL,
W. P. SCOTT,
HENRY MORRIS,
Directors of Poor.

Legal Advertisements.

STATEMENT OF THE EXPENDITURES OF THE COUNTY OF GREENE FOR 1867.

Paid Grand Jurors	$ 850 00
Petit Jurors	1,698 00
Election fees	210 00
Assessors and Assistants	653 50
Exonerations allowed for Error in assessments	232 67
Exonerations allowed collectors	618 20
Constable returns	125 00
Commonwealth costs	376 40
Bridge views	3 50
Bridge Building and Repairs	4,460 40
Road Views	127 30
Freight and Commission	8 88
Court House Repairs	15 00
Jail Repairs	4 00
Guarding Jail	14 00
Constable returns	
COMMISSIONERS' PAY.	
John C. Dinsmore	42 76
Thomas Scott	288 00
Elias Scott	390 00
John M. Morris	348 00
Isaac J. Hupp	48 00
Commissioners' Clerk	24 00
Boarding Prisoners and Jailors fees	144 56
Sheriff's fees	126 70
Coroner's fees	10 00
Road Damages	100 00
Fox Scalps	60 00
Sundries	21 74
Paint for Court House	136 19

Miscellaneous.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one o these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnoses. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific acquirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to enable to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9:4-tf. F. WHITTLESY.

GIFTS FOR THE MILLION!

A HUGE STOCK,

BOUGHT EXPRESSLY FOR THE FESTIVE DAYS AHEAD, AT

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

DELICIOUS OYSTERS!

With all the "et ceteras," are served at reasonable rates.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6:14'65-1y.

Sales.

EXECUTOR'S SALE!

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of the directions contained in the last will and testament of the Rev. Barnet Whitlatch, late of Franklin township, Greene county, Pa., dec'd., the undersigned, Executor, will sell at Public Outcry, on the premises,

ON THE 20TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1868

a valuable tract of land, situate in said township, adjoining lands of James Rhodes, William Scott, John Hoge and others, containing about

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTEEN ACRES,

100 of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The farm is in an excellent neighborhood, convenient to roads, mills &c., and has an abundance of timber and coal of the best quality. There are on the premises a comfortable Stone Dwelling House, Frame Stable and other buildings. There are also a variety of Fruit Trees of the best quality of fruit.

TERMS OF SALE:

The land to be sold by the acre, and one-third of the purchase money to remain in the hands of the purchaser during the life of the widow of the deceased, the interest to be paid to her annually, the principal at her death to the heirs or devisees of the deceased; one-third upon the 1st of April next, when possession is to be given, and the remaining third in one year thereafter with interest from the first of April, 1868. The unpaid purchase money and interest to the widow to be secured by judgment or mortgage at the option of the Executor.

WILLIAM GORDON,
Executor of the Will of Barnet Whitlatch, dec'd.
2:5-ts.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene County, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on Saturday

THE 22ND DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1868,

at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of the South Western Oil Company, of, in and to a certain tract of land in Monongahela township, Greene county, Pa., containing 273 ACRES, more or less, about 180 acres cleared, adjoining lands of Edward Cleavenger, John Dunham, Heirs of E. Evans and on the East by the Monongahela river, and has erected thereon, one Brick Dwelling House, three tenant houses, Frame Barn, Frame Stable and apple orchard.

Taken in execution as the property of the South Western Oil Company, at the suit of Joseph Y. Pravinac.

2:5. H. B. SILVIS, Sh'ff.

FOR SALE!

As the firm of John G. Fordyce & Co. is, by mutual consent dissolved, the business will be carried on by Jas. Fordyce, at Mordock's Mills, until April 1st, 1868. I offer my entire stock of goods, cost and the lease of the property for one year with the privilege of renting for a longer period. This is a desirable location for the Mercantile business, a good Grist Mill convenient to Schools, Churches, Post Office, Blacksmith shop etc. My entire stock was bought the Summer and Fall

JOHN G. FORDYCE.

Business Cards.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

Opens ..... 9 o'clock A M.
Closes ..... 3 o'clock P M.
DISCOUNT DAY ..... TUESDAYS.
D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN,

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House.
May 16, '65-1y.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office. 5:6'66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE,

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 6:1'67-1y.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Miller's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, '66-1y.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞ Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4:24-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
8:28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞ All work warranted for one year. ☜
2:21'66-tf.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anesthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FEE OR ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6:12-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:3-tf.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4:1'66-tf.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

2:8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a oil in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. P. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
9:4-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

Groceries &c.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts, Raisins, Groceries and everything

IN

The Grocery line o. H. A. Rinehart, in Ledwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10:30-tf.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.,

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

JOHN MUNNELL.

11:13tf.

WOULD YOU KNOW

WHERE TO BUY

CHEAP GROCERIES?

JOHN H. PENN,

IN THE WEST END OF BRADEN'S BUILDING,

Has opened and will keep constantly on hand the choicest qualities of

TOYS,
CIGARS,
NOTIONS,
TOBACCOS,
CONFECTIONERY,
FAMILY GROCERIES,

etc., etc. His late stock purchased for the

HOLIDAYS!

challenges admiration as well as competition!

FLOUR KEPT AND SOLD AT RULING RATES!

His prices are inducements to buyers. Be sure to drop in on your "grand round" for family necessities. Remember the place.

MAIN STREET, WAYNESBURG, PA.

2:12-3m JNO. H. PENN,

JOHN HUGHES..... THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coen's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6:5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5:15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

L. HUGHES & CO.,
4:10-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE!

GREENE COUNTY, ss.

In the matter of the settlement of the account of L. K. Evans, administrator on the estate of Ephraim C. Alexander, dec'd.

And now to wit: December 18, 1867, the Court appointed D. R. P. Huss, Esq., auditor, to distribute the funds in the hands of the accountant and make report, &c. By the Court.

ATTEST,
J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

All persons interested are hereby notified that I will attend to the duties of the above appointment, at my office, in Waynesburg, on MONDAY, the 17th day of February, A. D., 1868.

D. R. P. HUSS,
1:4-td Auditor.

Miscellaneous.

A RACY RHYME.

"Life is but a span of horses;
One is "Age," the other "Prime,"
Up and down the hill our course is;
"Go in," ponies—"make your time."

"Boyhood plies the whip of pleasure;
Youthful folly gives a stroke;
Manhood goads them at his leisure—
"Let 'em rip, they're tough as oak."

"Hi ya! there; the stake we'll pocket,
To the winds let care be sent:
Time, 2 40—"whip in socket;"
"Give 'em string and let 'em went."

"On the sunny road to fifty,
'Prime' is drowned in Lethe's stream;
'Age' is let, old and unthrifty;
Life then proves a one horse team."

"'Age' jogs on, grows quite unsteady,
Reels and slackens in his pace;
'Kicks the bucket,' always ready;
'Gives it up'—Death wins the race."

Remarkable Feats of Telegraphing.

The Journal of the Telegraph, of February 1, says:—At an early hour this morning the wires of the Western Union Telegraph Company from San Francisco to Plaister Cove, Cape Breton, and the wires of the New York, Newfoundland and London Telegraph Company, from Plaister Cove to Heart's Content, were connected, and a brisk conversation commenced between these two continental extremes. Compliments were then passed between San Francisco and Valentia, Ireland, when the latter announced that a message was just then being received from London direct. This was said at twenty minutes past 7 A. M., Valentia time, Feb. 1. At twenty-one minutes past 7 A. M., Valentia time, the London message was started from Valentia for San Francisco; passed through New York at thirty-five minutes 2 A. M., New York time; was received in San Francisco at twenty-one minutes past 11 P. M., San Francisco time, Jan. 31, and was at once acknowledged, the whole process occupying ten minutes actual time, and the distance traversed about 14,000 miles.

Immediately after the transmission of the message referred to, the operator at San Francisco sent an eighty word message to Heart's Content in three minutes, which the operator at Heart's Content repeated back in two minutes and fifty seconds. Distance about 5000 miles.

Stamping Deeds.

The revenue officers of our State are being instructed from Washington to appoint special officers to examine the county offices as to whether deeds, mortgages and other official papers have been properly stamped. The penalty of omitting to stamp, or for not stamping properly is $50 for each deed. In Bucks county the examiner, in going over the first six dockets out of twenty, found about one hundred deeds which had either been improperly stamped or the the stamps entirely omitted, making an aggregate of five thousand dollars in, penalties. The penalty for not stamping is visited upon the grantor, and not upon the county officers.

[The above from an exchange we give for what it is worth. If those interested choose to enquire into it they can do so.—*Ed.*]

Whisky For Rats.

A correspondent of the *Arkansas Conservative*, whose house was over-run with rats, says a servant girl, who had seen the effect of whiskey on tipsy cats, thought she would try an experiment upon rats. Accordingly she took a small quantity, made it very sweet with sugar, crumbled in bread enough for the crowd and set the dish in the cellar. A few hours after she went down and found several rats gloriously "fuddled," engaged in throwing potato parings, and hauling one another up to drink. These were easily disposed of, and those not killed left the premises immediately, suffering from a severe headache.

Found His Match.

The Schenectady (N. Y.) District Attorney, while endeavoring to confuse a witness, met his match. The following conversation ensued: Q "Were you ever arrested?" A "Yes" Q "What for?" A. "Assault and battery, and paid my fine." Q "Were you ever in prison?" A. "No—yes Come to think, I was." Q "O, you were in prison, were you Where were you in prison, sir?" A. "At Andersonville. Was taken prisoner by the rebels." Amid a storm of applause and cheers of the multitude, the District Attorney scuttled.

Poor rich Bennehoff of Pithole, who was lately robbed of two hundred and ten thousand dollars in bonds, cash, etc., receives but little sympathy from the press. He is denounced on all sides as a grasping, miserly old chap without a single drop of the milk of human kindness in his whole body, and the Pithole *Record* says, "Such men are an injury to the human race, and little better, if any, than the burglars who rob them." Hard to be robbed of a quarter of a million of greenbacks, and instead of sympathy meet with such abuse at this.

An awkward man, attempting to carve a goose, dropped it on the floor.

"There, now!" exclaimed his wife, "we've lost our dinner."

"O no my dear!" answered he, "it's safe; I have got my foot upon it!"

The *Franklin Repository* well says: "The question for every true American to decide is not, can I induce the people of the United States to act politically just as I wish? The important interrogatory is which of the two great antagonistic parties of my country is the best, which is the nearest right?"

An enterprising bill-poster of Cincinnati has contracted with the Covington and Cincinnati Bridge Company for the privilege of sticking bills on the abutment walls of the Cincinnati end of the bridge, and agreed to pay $12,500 a year for the same.

Letters are being received by members of Congress urging a reconstruction of the general Bankrupt law, which is now slow in its operations and expensive.

"Backward, turn backward, oh time, in thy flight!" ejaculate Smith, as a pick-pocket was running away with his watch

DR. BALL, a full blooded negro, is editor of a Democratic journal at Lebanon, Ill.

Boots & Shoes.

GREAT PANIC IN THE PRICES OF

BOOTS AND SHOES!

—AT—

WILLIAM BERRYHILL'S,

MECHANICS' ROW, WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Having just purchased a heavy stock of Boots and Shoes of the FINEST and BEST QUALITY to be found in the East, he now has the Best selected and most complete assortment of these Goods ever brought to the Town. And he offers to sell

FOR CASH

Men's best, whole stock, Home-made Boots at 7 inch leg, at $6.00, 5.25 and 5.00; Men's Fine Calf at $7.50, with a uniform reduction in rates on all kinds of stock. Mr. Berryhill having an experience of 15 years in the manufacturing of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Is thoroughly acquainted with the business, and has taken great care to make this a

SUPERIOR STOCK TO ANY KEPT HERETOFORE.

Experienced hands are constantly employed in making to order and we can safely say that at no place else in these "diggings" can the material and workmanship be surpassed.

ALL WORK WARRANTED!

He now asks his friends and the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident that he can please them. WM. BERRYHILL,
12:18-tf Mechanics' Row, Waynesburg, Pa.

GREAT BARGAINS!

—IN—

BOOTS AND SHOES!

NEW STOCK!

NEW STORE!

CUSTOM-MADE WORK!

CHEAPER THAN EVER, AT

M. C. & H. BELL'S,

(SUCCESSORS TO HALSTED,)

SAYERS' CORNER

WAYNESBURG, PA.

☞ Call and examine, and save money!

GO TO M. C. & H. BELL'S FOR BARGAINS
12:4-1y.

Decedents' Estates.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration, cum. test., upon the estate of Daniel Hook, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN M. KENT,
1:8-6w Administrator.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of George Lightner, late of Morris tp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY LIGHTNER,
MICAJAH LIGHTNER,
SAMUEL LIGHTNER,
11:13-6t. Executors.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FAMILY MAGAZINE.

HOURS AT HOME:

A POPULAR MONTHLY OF INSTRUCTION AND RECREATION.

With the number for November, HOURS AT HOME entered upon the Sixth Volume. During the two years and a half of its publication it has grown steadily in public favor, drawing around it a constantly increasing circle of readers. Avoiding everything sensational, it has aimed to furnish

HEALTHFUL, INSTRUCTIVE, AND ENTERTAINING READING

FOR THE FAMILY,

and the remarkable degree of success which it has reached is the most satisfactory proof that could be given of the popular need of such a periodical. The same general principles which have controlled it heretofore will continue to guide it; and, as proof that its conductors mean to spare no effort to secure the productions of the best talent, native and foreign, for the amusement and profit of its readers, they announce the following special attractions for the new volume:

IN THE DECEMBER NUMBER

appear the opening charters of a new serial, entitled "The Chapite of Pearls," by

MISS YONGE,
The Popular Author of
"THE HEIR OF REDCLYFFE."

This story, which is one of the time of the Huguenots, is, as introductory chapters show, written in Miss Yonge's most attractive and pleasing style, and it promises to be of great interest. It will appear in HOURS AT HOME simultaneously with its publication in London, from advance sheets secured for that purpose.

The conductors of HOURS AT HOME have also engaged a series of original papers from

MR. JAMES GREENWOOD,

Author of "The Lambeth Casual," and of numerous other sketches, portraying with remarkable graphic power the condition of the lower classes in England. Mr. Greenwood will prepare these papers specially for HOURS AT HOME, and their publication will be commenced in an early number.

DR. HORACE BUSHNELL,

Whose discussions of "The Moral Uses of Dark Things" have been received with so much favor by the more thoughtful readers of the magazine, will continue to contribute regularly to its pages, but upon a different range of subjects. Essays, sketches, short stories, poems, &c., &c., may be anticipated from the numerous popular writers who are already favorites with the readers of HOURS AT HOME.

SPECIAL PREMIUMS:

"Prayers from Plymouth Pulpit"—by Henry Ward Beecher—For one new subscriber $3, and 25 cents additional when the book is sent at our expense.

"Kathrina"—Timothy Titcomb's New Poem—For one new subscriber and $3.

"Queens of American Society"—By Mrs. E. F. Ellet—(Containing 13 Steel Engravings,) for two subscribers and $6.

"Storm-Cliff"—By Miss S. J. Pritchard—For one subscriber $3, and 25 cents additional when the book is sent at our expense.

REGULAR PREMIUMS: For two subscribers or one subscriber for two years, (96,) Carpenter's splendid portrait of Lincoln. For twenty subscribers, ($60,) Wheeler & Wilson's best $55 sewing machine.

TERMS: $3 a year. Club prices for six or more, $2 50. To Clergymen and Teachers, 2 50.

BOUND VOLUMES: The work complete to the present time is elegantly bound in five vols., and will be sent free for $10. Single volumes, $2 00. For $5, either volume and a year's subscription.

C. SCRIBNER & CO.,
1:2'68-tf No. 654 Broadway.

Dry Goods.

FRANK McGURGAN

ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE PATRONAGE OF THE PEOPLE IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING DRY GOODS.

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices, the finest stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of Fall and Winter Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Velvet Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

BUGLE TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Applique and Valencia, Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

STRAW, VELVET AND PLUSH HATS

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.
12:18-tf. FRANK McGURGAN.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR.

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1,'67-tf

N. B.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS!

Notions, Hosiery, Boots and Shoes, and Hats at the great

CLOSING OUT SALES OF

SHIRK & SUTTON.

We are determined to close out our entire stock, and will sell all goods at cost and less, even at present wholesale prices Here are prices of a few staple goods, and others at still greater reductions will be found among our stock:

Best Brown Muslin	15c
Best prints	11c
Bleached Muslin	10½,9c
Delaines	18½,9c
Canton flannels and Drillings	20
Farmers' and Mechanics' cassimer,	40c
Jeans	29c
Water-proof Cloth	$1 00@1 20

NEW FLANNELS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

A large lot of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

all new stock and custom made work at reduction of 25 to 33 per cent. from present selling prices. Some extra fancy Cassimeres at the same reduction, just bought last month. Consult your interest by calling at once and see that we mean just what we say, and will sell anything you want as low as you can ask it.

A. Wilson Jr.'s building.
9:18,'67-tf SHIRK & SUTTON,
Waynesburg, Pa.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 54 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Now offer to dealers their

FALL STOCK,

AT

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

9:11-3m.

BLACKSMITHING & GUNSMITHING!

For the information of the public who desire work done in this important branch of Mechanics,

MR. JACOB HOOVER,

Announces himself competent and willing to do anything in the line, (shoeing horses excepted.) He is an expert and will warrant satisfaction. Shop near the Planing Mill. 12:11-tf

Agents Wanted.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES WANTED TO CANVASS FOR THE

ORIGIN AND HISTORY, OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all Infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, exhaustive and highly interesting. A master-piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every sabbath-school teacher, student and clergymen, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can see by see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address,

ZIEGLER, McURDY & CO.,
No. 614 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.
10:29-1m.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, it being fire and water proof, Floor Oil Cloths, one manufacturer having used 5,000 bbls. the past year; and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,
9:18,'67-6m 251 Pearl Street, New York.

REVOLUTION IN TRADE!

Ladies, you can receive for the sum of ONE DOLLAR 8 Silk, Merino and Alpaca Dresses, Shawls, Balmorals, Linen Goods, Embossed Table Covers, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Sewing Machines, &c. Send clubs of ten or more, with ten cents for each descriptive check, and the getter up of the club will receive a present worth $1 to $10, according to number sent. Agents wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free. PARKER & CO., 91 & 93 Federal Street, Boston. 12:25-3t.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.

A good Agent wanted in every township of this county to sell **Westcott's Adjustable Dash churn!** the best butter maker now manufactured. We do not promise fabulous salaries to our agents, but do guarantee good wages to good men. We are anxious to have this Churn introduced, and to this end we make favorable arrangements with early applicants. Address THOS. H. BINGHAM & CO.,
1:2-1y 338 Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,
9:11-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.

All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock until times. So give them a call when you come to town. Remember the place, opposite the First National Bank.
12:26-tf T. BRADEN & CO.

E. A. TINKER..... H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1690. 7:24-1y.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 558.

Hall in Ganear's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Saturday evening, each week. dh.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week. dh.